# FOOD DATE LABELS

### **EXPLAINED**

There are no universally accepted descriptions for opendating in the US. Food date labeling is *not required* by federal law, except for baby formula. Food date labels are created for consumer and manufacturer use.

## **Types of Food Date Labels**

#### 1. CLOSED DATING

A code of letters and numbers to identify date and **time of production** (batch number/tracking), used for shelf stable items such as canned goods.

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#### 2. OPEN DATING

A calendar date for **best quality use**, mostly used with eggs, meat, and poultry such as:



### "BEST IF USED BY/BEFORE"

When a product is of best flavor/quality. Not a purchase or safety date.



#### "FREEZE-BY"

When a product should be frozen to maintain peak quality. Not a purchase or safety date.

#### "USE-BY"

Last date recommended for use while at peak quality. Not a safety date, except for infant formula.



#### "SELL-BY"

How long to keep the product for sale at the store.

Used for inventory. Not a safety date.



#### **EGGS**



Usually have "sell-by" or "expiration" labels. Eggs with USDA grade shield must have pack date.



DO NOT CONSUME 30 DAYS FROM PACK DATE



# FOOD DATE LABELS

FOOD SAFETY

## **Types of Food Bacteria**

1. Pathogeniccauses foodborne illness

2. Spoilage- causes food to deteriorate and develop unpleasant flavors or odor

Note: change in color of meat is not necessarily an indicator of food spoilage

# Can I cut the mold off?









**Hard Cheese** 

**Soft Cheeses** 





Salami

**Bread** 





**Firm Fruits** (apples, citrus, pears, peaches)

Firm vegetables

Yogurt/sour cream



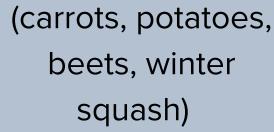


Pasta sauces









#### CANNED GOODS



Must have a code or date of canning (closed dating).

DISCARD CANS THAT ARE RUSTED, DEEPLY DENTED, OR SWOLLEN.

High acid cans

(tomatoes, fruits, etc.)

Last 12-18 months after date

Low acid cans

(meats, vegetables, etc.)

Last 3-5 years after date